

Statistics of Joint variable P_{xy}

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Content:

- LSQ
- IPDF estimates
- CHI-square

① Assume linear $y = \alpha x + u$

② Assume P_{xy} is a joint Gaussian

$$P_{xy} = \frac{1}{2\pi\sigma_x\sigma_y\sqrt{1-\rho^2}} \exp \left[-\frac{1}{2(1-\rho^2)} \left(\frac{(x-\mu_x)^2}{\sigma_x^2} - \frac{2\rho(x-\mu_x)(y-\mu_y)}{\sigma_x\sigma_y} + \frac{(y-\mu_y)^2}{\sigma_y^2} \right) \right]$$

$$\rho = \frac{\langle xy \rangle}{\sigma_x\sigma_y} = \text{correlation}$$

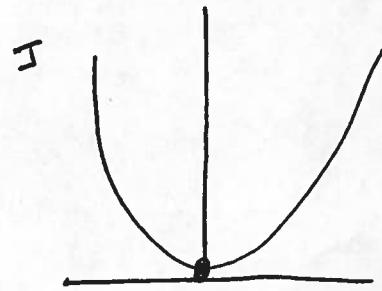
• Estimating α using Least square (LSQ)

From ① we can solve for α using LSQ

a) Define cost function $J = \langle u^2 \rangle$

b) Find Minimum of J

$$J = \langle (y - \alpha x)^2 \rangle$$



$$\frac{\partial J}{\partial \alpha} = 0 = \langle 2(y - \alpha x)(-x) \rangle$$

$$= 2 \langle (-yx + \alpha x^2) \rangle$$

$$= 2 \left[\underbrace{-\langle yx \rangle}_{\text{covariance}} + \alpha \langle x^2 \rangle \right]$$

$$= 0 \rightarrow \alpha = \frac{\langle xy \rangle}{\langle x^2 \rangle}$$

↙ covariance

↙ variance

if we compare ϵ and α

(2)

$$\epsilon = \alpha \frac{\sigma_x}{\sigma_y}$$

- The α from LSQ maximized JPDF conditional $P_{y|x=x}$
- Let us assume (2) with $\mu_x = \mu_y = 0$ zero mean
 $\sigma_x^2 = \sigma_y^2 = 1$ unit variance

$$P_{xy} = \frac{1}{2\pi\sqrt{1-\rho^2}} \exp \left[-\frac{1}{2\pi\sqrt{1-\rho^2}} \underbrace{\left(x^2 - 2\rho xy + y^2 \right)}_{\text{ARG}} \right]$$

If we want to find the most likely value of y for a given x ?

$$\frac{P_{y|x=x}}{P_{y|x}} = P_y \rightarrow \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} y P_y dy = \hat{y}$$

this is equivalent of MAX $\frac{P_{y|x=x}}{P_x}$

that is finding ARG = Maxima when $x = X$

$$\arg = x^2 - 2\rho xy + y^2$$

\uparrow
 α

same as LSQ

$$\frac{\partial \arg}{\partial y} = -2\alpha x + 2y = 0 \quad \rightarrow \hat{y} = \alpha x$$

$\boxed{\text{MAX } P_{xy} = \text{MIN } J}$

This estimate is also the one inferred
from LINEAR OPTIMAL ESTIMATORS

(3)

$$y = \alpha x + n$$

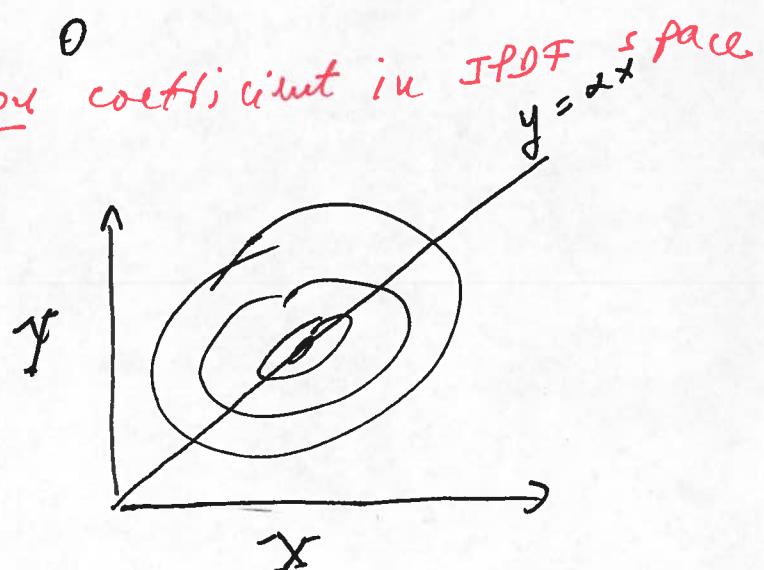
$$\langle yx \rangle = \alpha \langle xx \rangle + \langle n \rangle$$

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$$\alpha = \frac{\langle yx \rangle}{\langle xx \rangle}$$

covariance between x and y

regression coefficient in IPDF space



Statistics of cost function $J \rightarrow$ follow CHI-SQUARE

How to test the validity of this assumption?

(e.g. linear relationship)

if P_{xy} is gaussian $\rightarrow P_n$ = Gaussian

$$\text{LSQ} \quad J = \langle n^2 \rangle \quad J^* = n_1^2 + n_2^2 + n_3^2 + \dots + n_k^2$$

$$J^* = \sum_{k=1}^K \frac{n_k^2}{\sigma_n^2} \quad \rightarrow \text{follows CHI distribution with } K \text{ d.o.f.}$$

$$\sigma_n^2 = \text{error variance} \quad \chi^2(K) = \frac{1}{2^{K/2} \Gamma(K/2)} X^{K/2} e^{-X/2}$$